

Ontology-Driven Sub-Query Extraction in UnIT-Net IEDI



Zaporozhye State University, Ukraine

Unit-Net: IT in University Management Network TEMPUS/TACIS MP-JEP-2010-2003 http://eva.zsu.zp.ua/

http://www.zsu.edu.ua/

http://www.unit-net.org.ua/

ISTA'04, Salt Lake City, 15-17.07.2004

UnIT-Net - TEMPUS/TACIS MP-JEP-2010-2003

Title: IT in University Management Network Objective(s):

- Creation of the Ukrainian National "Network of Excellence"
- Dissemination of the **best practices** IT in University Management
- Elaboration of the **Specifications** recommending reasonable ways of using IT in University Management
 - Design and implementation of the **Research Prototype** of the National **Infrastructure for Electronic Data Interchange** (mediator-wrapper, hybrid knowledge representation)

Participants:

- Kherson State University (project coordinator)
- Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine
- Kharkiv national University
- Zaporozhye State University
- University of Nice Sofia Antipolis, France
- Glasgow Caledonian University, UK
- URL: <u>http://www.unit-net.org.ua/</u>



UnIT-Net IEDI Context: Distributed IR



We provide IR-s annotated in terms suitable for us And, normally, we do not care about the others

Problems to Solve:

- Q1: How to add a new IR to a Retrieval System?
 - A1.1: Wait until its owner volunteers to provide the annotation (IR registration) – Unit-Net
 - A1.2: Crawl the Web for publicly available IR-s
- Q2: How to align our beliefs on IR to its actual state?
 - A2.1: Wait until the owner informs about the changes, then align – UnIT-Net





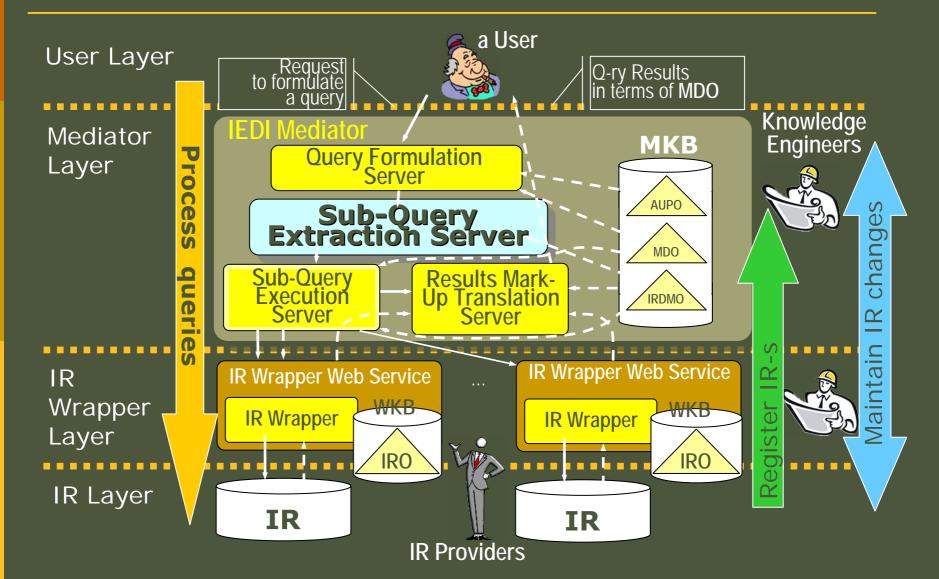
Problems to Solve:

Q3: How to formulate & perform queries to such an IR Grid?

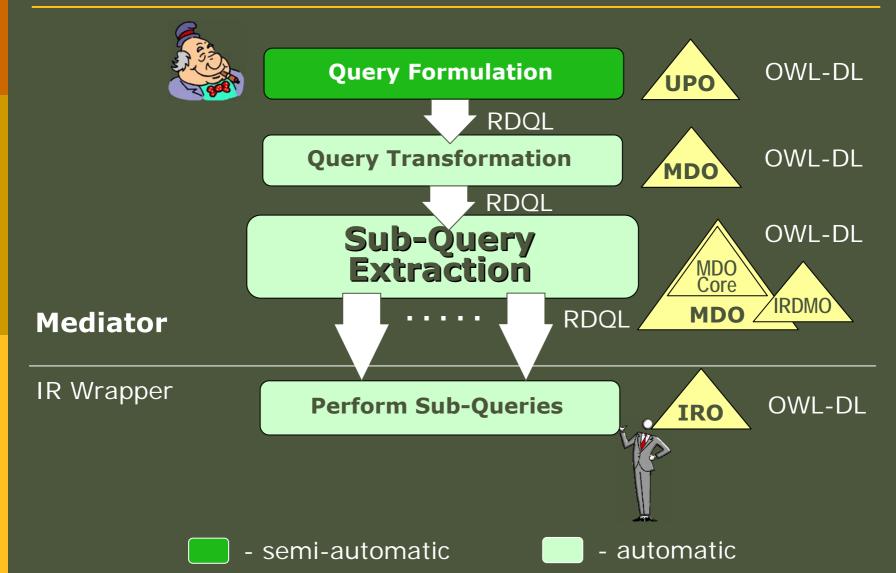
A3: UnIT-Net

- Assist a User to formulate his query in terms familiar to him
- Transform the query to the terms commonly accepted for the Domain
 - Decompose the query to the set of sub-queries
 - **Forward** sub-queries to appropriate IR wrappers
- (Fuse and) Return the results to the User

IEDI Architecture in a Nutshell



Ontology and Language Aspect:



A Walkthrough Example

Return the list of the 1-st year CS students who:

> had received maximal grade in Mathematics at the entrance examinations

and have failed to pass the 1-st Term examination in any basic course in Mathematics



Why?

A Walkthrough Example

Return the list of the 1-st year CS students who:



CS Student

IR

had received maximal grade in Mathematics at the entrance examinations

and have failed to pass the 1-st Term examination in any basic course in Mathematics

Mathematics: -Math Analysis -Linear Algebra -Analytical Geometry

Univ. Entrant

IR

Ontology

A Walkthrough Example

of different Universities

Univ.

Entrant

IR

Return the list of the 1-st year CS students who:



CS Student

IR

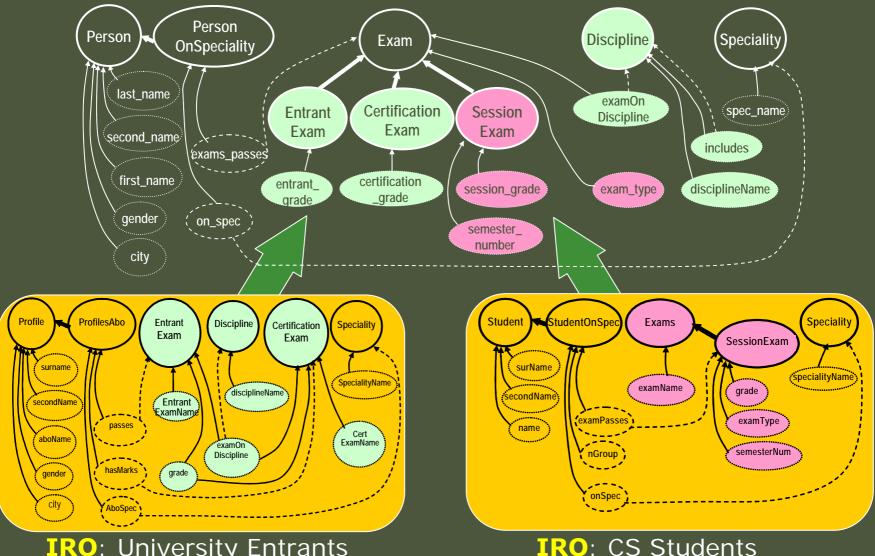
 had received maximal grade in Mathematics at the entrance examinations

 and have failed to pass the 1-st Term examination in any basic course in Mathematics

..and different basic courses in the 1-st term

Mathematics: -Math Analysis -Linear Algebra -Analytical Geometry

MDO and IRO-s for the Example



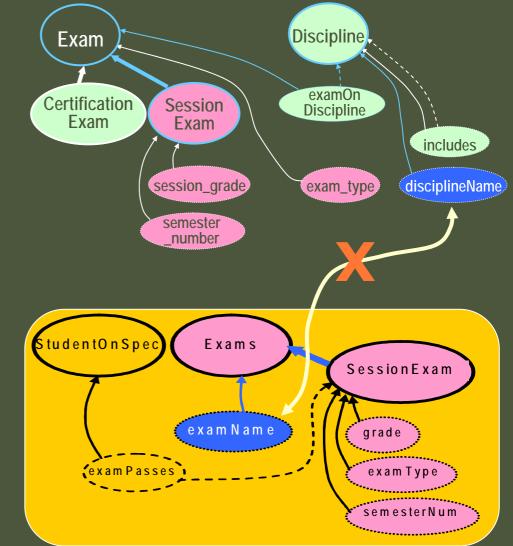
IRO: University Entrants

IRO Registration is NOT a Simple Join

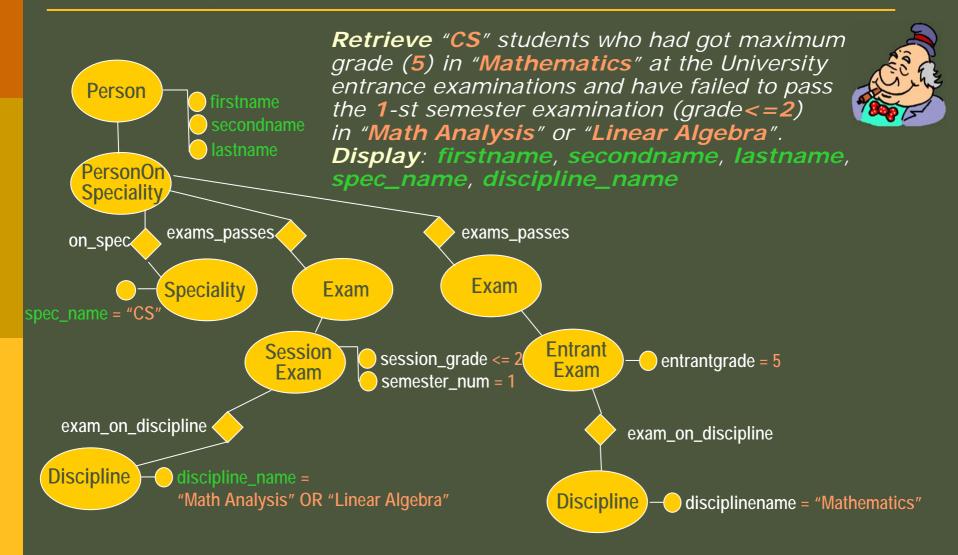
Note:

- IR-Domain Mapping Ontology (IRDMO) provides only minimally necessary mappings:
 - Slots defined for the concept
 - But NOT the slots inherited from its superclass

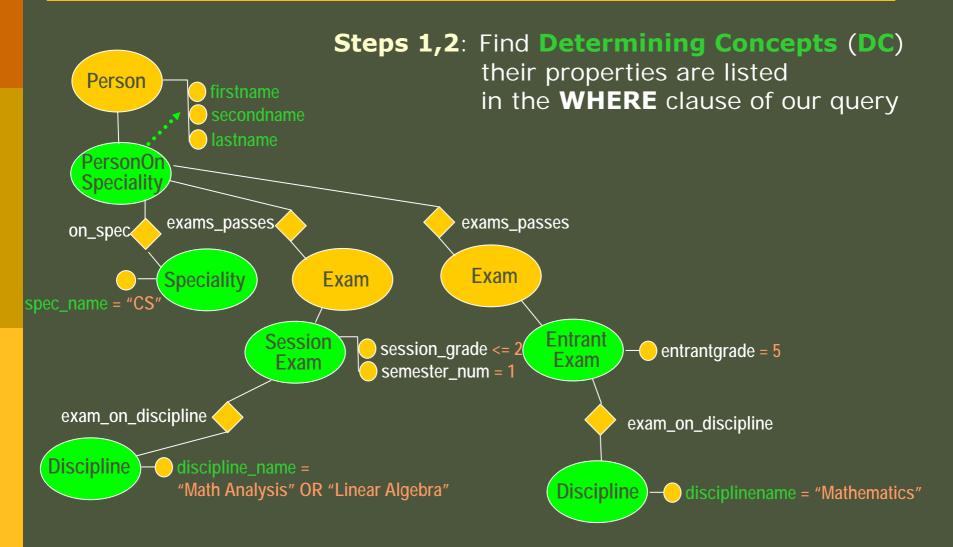
Requires Late Binding



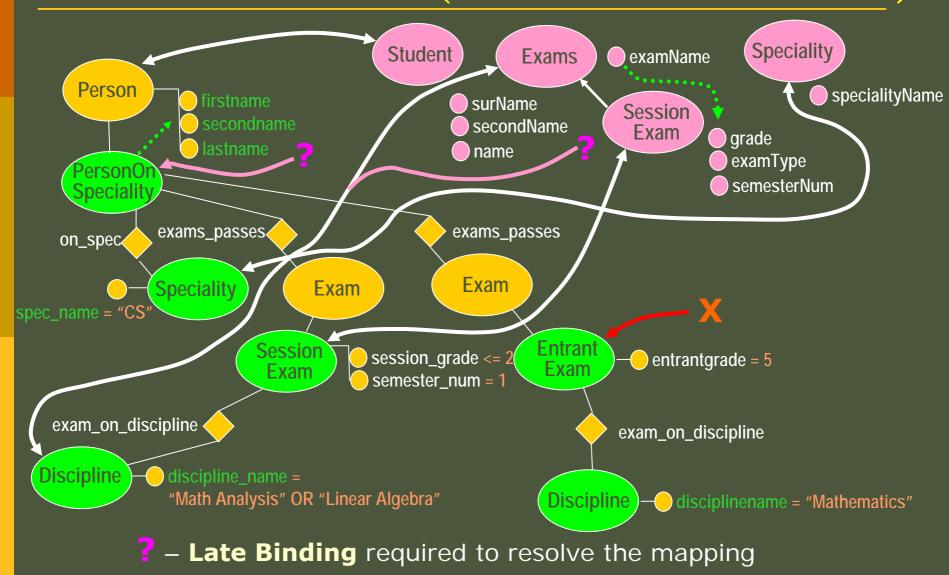
Conceptual Graph for Example Query



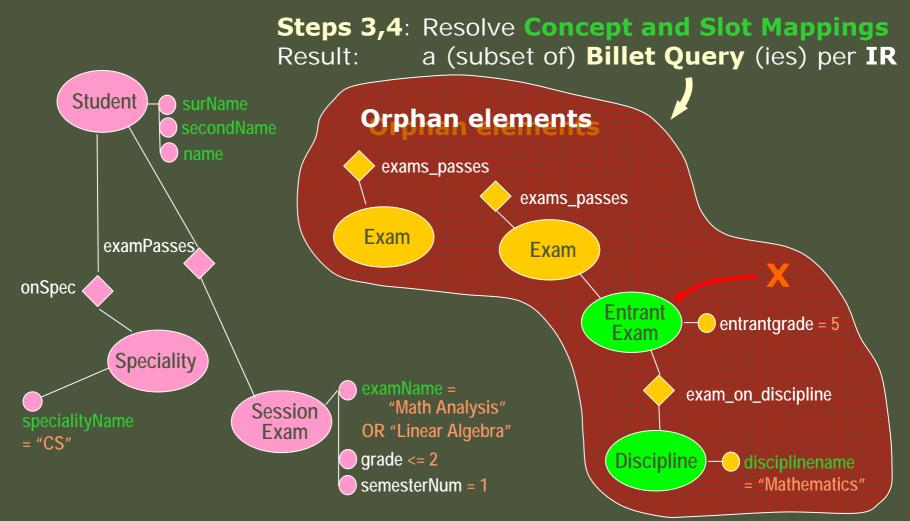
Sub-Query Extraction



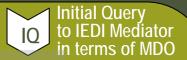
Mappings Recorded in IRDMO (MDO ↔ Stud IRO)



Resolved Mappings: MDO↔Stud IRO



Orphan elements – to be deleted at Query Clarification - Step 5



ODSQE at a Glance

Features:

- IRDMO provides only minimally necessary mappings
- Late Binding is used to resolve mappings in subclass/superclass chains (further development meronymy)
- Multiple mappings result in series of Billet Queries per IR
- MDO Core is used to fix the minimal set of concepts common to all IR-s

1. Preliminary grouping

2. Finding Determining Concepts

3. Concept mapping

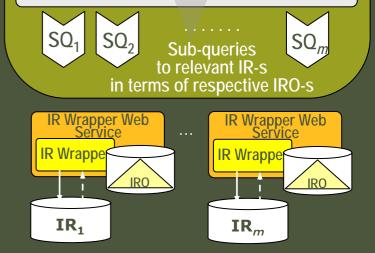
4. Slot mapping

Sub-queries clarification

5. Delete Orphans

6. Form RDQL SELECT clause

7. Form RDQL AND clauses



ODSQE Properties

Builds the set of IRO queries for a specific MDO query (existence)

Builds the unique set of IRO queries for a specific MDO query (uniqueness)

The recall of a hypothetic MDO query is less or equal to the combined recall of the set of the produced IRO queries (complete coverage)

To Conclude ...

 Initial proof-of-concept implementation of ODSQE is done
UnIT-Net IEDI Sub-Query Extraction Server is under development

Further development:

- Richer semantic relationships
- More intelligence in Late Binding for nonequvalent concepts



Shall be happy to know the answers

These slides are available from: <u>http://eva.zsu.zp.ua/eva_personal/evapubs.htm</u>